

Web Site Migration to OpenVMS

A Case Study

Svision

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- Download Presentation
 - http://www.parsec.com/public/web_migration.pdf



Web Site Migration to OpenVMS

- Initial Environment
- Target Environment
- Planning
- Migration Steps
- Maintenance
- Final Results



Initial Environment

- Microsoft Windows XP Server
- IIS Web Server
- VB Script (ASP)
- Microsoft SQL Server



The Numbers

- 3 Interrelated Web Sites
 - 232 dynamic pages
 - 15 static pages
- Purposes
 - Public web site
 - Intranet
 - Support call tracking system
- 2 Databases
 - 244 tables
 - 97 views



Purpose

- Improve Security
- Increase Reliability
- Increase Availability
- Decrease Maintenance
- Practice What I Preach



Target Environment

- OpenVMS Cluster
- Secure Web Services
- Multi-Platform Supported Language
- MySQL on OpenVMS



OpenVMS Cluster

- Reliable
- Secure
 - Secure by design
 - Secure by obscurity
- High Availability Provided by Cluster
- Low Maintenance
 - Provide by OpenVMS
 - Enhance by cluster



Secure Web Services

- Based on Apache
 - The most commonly used web server on the Internet
 - Open source
- Provided by and Supported by HP
 - http://h71000.www7.hp.com/openvms/products/ ips/apache/csws.html
- Robust Development Support
 - Several programming options



Supported Languages

- Static Pages
- PHP
- Perl
- Tomcat (JAVA or JSP)
- CGI
 - DCL
 - Compiled language (Fortran, C, etc.)
- Others Available from Other Sources
 - Python



MySQL

- Popular Open Source Database
- Supports Standard SQL Queries
- Supports Transactions
- Multiple Storage Engines
- Available at:
 - http://www.vmsmysql.org/FrontPage



MySQL Storage Engines

- Innodb Transaction Safe
- MyISAM Fast
- MRG_MyISAM Merge MyISAM Tables
- BlackHole Bit Bucket
- CSV Comma Separated Fields
- Memory In Memory
- Federated Remote Tables
- Archive Small Space, No Indexes



Planning

- Select Languages
- Select MySQL Storage Engines



Languages Considered

- PHP
- Perl
- Java Server Pages (JSP)



PHP

- General Purpose Scripting Language
 - Web pages
 - Batch scripts
- High Level of Compatibility on Different Platforms
- Fast
- Extensions Available
 - 23 from HP
 - Others include Ingres and RDB
 - Expandable



PHP Scripts

- Many scripts and classes publicly available for use
 - Usually without changes
- Simple scripts to send an email or work with date and time
- Complex scripts to manage a database or database connection
- Complete web sites such as a CMS
- No need to "Reinvent the wheel"



Perl

- General Purpose Scripting Language
 - Web pages
 - Batch scripts
- Medium Level of Compatibility on Different Platforms
- Supports Scripts and Modules
- Fast
- Many Scripts Available on the Internet



Java Server Pages

- Web Page Scripting Language
- High Level of Compatibility on Different Platforms
- Relatively Slow



Storage Engines Considered

- Innodb
- MyISAM
- Memory



Innodb Storage Engine

- Transaction Safe
 - Commit
 - Rollback
 - Crash recovery
- Reliable
- Supports Foreign Keys
- Best Performance for Large Data Sets



MyISAM Storage Engine

- Fast
- Efficient for Smaller Tables
- Supports Full-Text Searching
- Less Reliable
 - Flush local table ...



Memory Storage Engine

- Very Fast
- Schema Preserved Across Restarts
- Data Lost with MySQL Restart
- Efficient for Smaller Tables



Migration Steps

- Install and Configure PHP on IIS
- Convert ASP to PHP
- Database Abstraction Layer
- Install and Configure MySQL
- Migrate MS SQL SERVER to MySQL
- Install and Configure Secure Web Services
- Install and Configure PHP on SWS
- Migrate from Microsoft IIS to OpenVMS Apache



Install PHP

- Install PHP on Current Web Server
- Microsoft IIS Server Supports Both ASP and PHP
- Eases Migration Process



Configure PHP

- Configuration File
 - php.ini
- Enable Extensions as Needed
 - Only enable extensions available on both current server and OpenVMS
- File Uploads
 - upload_tmp_dir
 - upload_max_filesize
- Minimize Error Messages to Users
 - error_reporting = E_COMPILE_ERROR | E_ERROR |
 E_CORE_ERROR



Convert ASP to PHP

- May Convert One Page at a Time
- PHP and ASP Use Different Session Information
- PHP and ASP Can Share Database Information but not Connections



Database Abstraction Layer

- Use Database Abstraction Layer in PHP
- Provides Consistency for Accessing Databases
- ADOdb
 - Supports MS SQL, MySQL and others
 - Provides database backed sessions
 - http://adodb.sourceforge.net/



ADOdb Features

- Database Independence Provided by Using Functions to Hide Differences
- qstr Quote Strings
- SQLDate & DBDate handle dates
- Concat append strings
- Insert_ID get last autoincrement value
- ErrorMsg get error message text



MySQL Connection on Windows

```
$db = NewADOConnection ('mysql');
$db_host = array ('vmspr1.parsec.com',
   'vmspr2.parsec.com',
   'openvms.parsec.com');
foreach ($db_host as $mydb_host)
  if (@$db->Connect ($mydb_host, 'someone', 'wrong', 'parsec'))
       $ SESSION['vms db'] = $mydb host;
       break;
if (!$db->IsConnected()) die ('DB Connection Error');
$db->SetFetchMode (ADODB_FETCH_ASSOC);
$db->disableBlobs = true;
$ADODB COUNTRECS = false;
```



Sample SELECT Using AdoDB



Install and Configure MySQL

- Install MySQL on OpenVMS
- Configuration File
 - mysql051_root:[vms]my.cnf
- Case Sensitive Table Names Default
 - lower_case_table_names=1
- Innodb vs MyISAM tables
 - default_table_type=InnoDB
- Full Text Search
 - ft_min_word_len=3 (for TLAs)



MySQL General Configuration

```
# The following options will be passed to all MySQL clients
```

[client]

#password = your_password

port = 3306

socket = /tmp/mysql.sock



MySQL Server Configuration

```
# The MySOL server
[mysqld]
port
                = 3306
skip-locking
datadir=/mysql data/data/
tmpdir = /mysql051_root/mysql_server/tmp/
# Logging settings, prefer safety over performance
sync_binlog = 1
binlog_cache_size = 1M
log-bin=mysql-bin
log_slow_queries
long_query_time = 2
log_long_format
# Connection settings, increase network buffer size for large packets from PHP
net_buffer_length = 128K
back_log = 50
max connections=100
max connect errors = 10
max_allowed_packet = 32M
# Memory utilization
sort_buffer_size = 2M
query cache size = 8M
query_cache_limit = 2M
join_buffer_size = 2M
tmp_table_size = 4M
# Other settions, using case insensitive file system & lots of TLAs
lower case table names = 1
table cache = 128
ft_min_word_len = 3
default_table_type = InnoDB
transaction_isolation = REPEATABLE-READ
```





MySQL MyISAM Configuration

```
#*** MyISAM Specific options
# Size of the Key Buffer, used to cache index blocks for MyISAM tables.
key buffer size = 16M
# Size of the buffer used for doing full table scans of MyISAM tables.
read_buffer_size = 2M
# Buffer used to read rows in sorted order for ORDER BY.
read_rnd_buffer_size = 8M
# Size of cache used for bulk inserts.
bulk insert buffer size = 4M
# Size of buffer to rebuild the index in REPAIR, OPTIMIZE, ALTER table statements
myisam_sort_buffer_size = 32M
# The maximum size of the temporary file MySQL is allowed to use while recreating the index.
myisam_max_sort_file_size = 10G
# If the temporary file used for fast index creation would be bigger than using
# the key cache by the amount specified here, then prefer the key cache method.
myisam_max_extra_sort_file_size = 10G
# If a table has more than one index, MyISAM can use more than one thread to repair them.
myisam_repair_threads = 1
# Automatically check and repair not properly closed MyISAM tables.
myisam_recover
```





MySQL InnoDB Configuration

```
# *** INNODB Specific options ***
# Memory utilization
innodb additional mem pool size = 8M
innodb buffer pool size = 64M
# File system usage
innodb_data_file_path = ibdata1:100M:autoextend
innodb_data_home_dir = /mysql_data/data/
innodb file io threads = 4
# Transaction logs
innodb_log_buffer_size = 8M
innodb_log_file_size = 32M
innodb_flush_log_at_trx_commit = 1
innodb log files in group = 3
innodb log group home dir = /mysql data/data/
# Number of threads allowed inside the InnoDB kernel.
innodb_thread_concurrency = 8
# Maximum allowed percentage of dirty pages in the InnoDB buffer pool.
innodb max dirty pages pct = 90
# How long an InnoDB transaction should wait for a lock to be granted
# before being rolled back.
innodb_lock_wait_timeout = 120
```



MySQL Other Configuration

```
[mysqldump]
quick
max_allowed_packet = 32M
[mysql]
no-auto-rehash
# Remove the next comment character if you are not familiar with SQL
#safe-updates
[isamchk]
key buffer = 20M
sort buffer size = 20M
read buffer = 2M
write_buffer = 2M
[myisamchk]
key_buffer = 20M
sort buffer size = 20M
read buffer = 2M
write_buffer = 2M
[mysqlhotcopy]
interactive-timeout
[mysqld_safe]
# Increase number of open files allowed per process. Warning: Make sure you set the global
# system limit high enough! The high value is required for a large number of opened tables
open-files-limit = 8192
```



Create Connection to MySQL

- Create 2nd ADOdb Connection for MySQL
- On Microsoft Windows
 - Attempt connection to each server
 - May save last valid connection in file to speed subsequent connections
- On OpenVMS
 - Use logical name (getenv) to find server in cluster



MySQL Connection on OpenVMS

```
if (getenv('vmsdb') != '') $mydb_host = getenv('vmsdb');
else $mydb_host = 'vmsprl.parsec.com';
$adodb_dsn = "mysql://someone:wrong@$mydb_host/parsec";
$db = NewADOConnection ($adodb_dsn);
$db->SetFetchMode (ADODB_FETCH_ASSOC);
$db->disableBlobs = true;
$ADODB_COUNTRECS = false;
```



Move Data

- Create Tables
 - Use Innodb engine for most tables
 - Use MyISAM for tables requiring full-text searching
- Move Data with PHP
 - May automate with DESCRIBE statement
- Create Views
- Create Procedures



Example of DESCRIBE Statement

mysql> describe jokes;

Field	Type	Null	 Key 	Default	Extra
JokeID SchLast Schedule Joke	int(11) int(11) int(11) text	NO NO NO	PRI 	NULL 0 0	auto_increment

4 rows in set (0.26 sec)



Migrate Database

- Use 2nd ADOdb Connection
- Date Format may be Incompatible
- Concat vs + for Strings
- MyISAM Tables
 - Change SQL for full-text searches
 - Flush local table ... after insert and updates



Sessions

- Use Database Backed Sessions
- Easy with ADOdb
- Allows Multiple Web Servers to be Transparent to Users
- May Register Call-back Function to be Notified when Session Ends
 - Allows additional actions to be taken as needed



Authentication Options

- OpenVMS
 - Module mod_auth_openvms
- LDAP
 - Module mod_ldap
- Kerberos
 - Mod_auth_kerb
- POP
 - PHP script with socket communication
 - Cache in session or database



Install and Configure SWS

- Install Secure Web Services on OpenVMS
- Configuration Files
 - apache\$common:[conf]httpd.conf
 - apache\$common:[conf]httpd_vhosts.conf
 - apache\$common:[conf]ssl_vhost.conf
- Set Default Page(s)
 - DirectoryIndex index.php index.html
- Verify SWS has Read Access to Web Site Files



Site Configuration

```
# www.parsec.com

<VirtualHost *:80>
    ServerName www.parsec.com
    ServerAlias test.parsec.com
    DocumentRoot /web_sites/www
    DirectoryIndex index.php
    ErrorDocument 404 /about/sitemap.php
</VirtualHost>
```



Configure SSL Support

- Purchase Certification from a Certificate Authority
- Or Move Existing Certificate from IIS
 - http://jamesrossiter.wordpress.com/2010/10/20/ transfer-ssl-certificates-from-microsoft-iis-tolinux-apache/
- Configure SSL Support
 - apache\$common:[conf]ssl-vms.conf
 - SSLCertificateFile
 - SSLCertificateKeyFile



Use Existing SSL Certificate

- Export Certification from IIS into .pfx File
 - Use the certificates snap-in in mmc
 - Wizard prompts you through the process
- On a System with OpenSSL (MS Windows)
 - Export private key from pfx file
 - Export certificate from pfx file
 - Remove passphrase from private key
- FTP Private Key and Certificate to OpenVMS



Extract SSL Keys from IIS

```
D:\work>openssl pkcs12 -in www.pfx -nocerts -out www.pem
Enter Import Password:
MAC verified OK
Enter PEM pass phrase:
Verifying - Enter PEM pass phrase:
D:\work>openssl pkcs12 -in www.pfx -clcerts -nokeys -out
```

D:\work>openssl pkcs12 -in www.pfx -clcerts -nokeys -out
 www.crt

Enter Import Password: MAC verified OK

D:\work>openssl rsa -in www.pem -out www.key
Enter pass phrase for www.pem:
writing RSA key





Extract SSL Keys from IIS Continued

```
D:\work>dir
Volume in drive D has no label.
Volume Serial Number is E4D9-A7F0
Directory of D:\work
09/09/2011 09:06 AM
                      <DIR>
09/09/2011 09:06 AM
                      <DIR>
09/09/2011 09:06 AM
                                1,776 www.crt
05/28/2011 09:58 PM
                    <DIR>
                                      hoeganaes
09/09/2011 09:06 AM
                                1,679 www.key
09/09/2011 09:05 AM
                                2,035 www.pem
08/25/2011 08:45 AM
                                3,877 www.pfx
                                 9,367 bytes
              4 File(s)
               3 Dir(s) 437,448,503,296 bytes free
```



SSL Configuration

Apache\$root:[conf]ssl_vhost.conf

```
SSL Engine Switch:
SSLEngine on
# SSL Engine Options:
<Files ~ "\.(cgi|shtml)$">
    SSLOptions +StdEnvVars
</Files>
<Directory "/apache$root/cgi-bin">
    SSLOptions +StdEnvVars
</Directory>
 SSL Protocol Adjustments:
SetEnvIf User-Agent ".*MSIE.*" nokeepalive ssl-unclean-
  shutdown
```



Secure Site Configuration

```
www.parsec.com
<VirtualHost *:443>
   ServerName www.parsec.com
   ServerAlias test.parsec.com
   DocumentRoot /web sites/www
   DirectoryIndex index.php
   ErrorDocument 404 /about/sitemap.php
    Include /apache$root/conf/ssl_vhost.conf
   SSLCertificateFile /apache$root/certs/www.crt
    SSLCertificateKeyFile /apache$root/keys/www.key
</VirtualHost>
```



Install and Configure PHP

- Configuration File
 - php_root:[000000]php.ini
- Enable Extensions as Needed
- File Uploads
 - upload_tmp_dir
 - upload_max_filesize
- Minimize Error Messages to Users
 - error_reporting = E_COMPILE_ERROR | E_ERROR | E_CORE_ERROR



PHP Extensions

```
; Uncomment any extension below to have them automatically loaded by PHP
; extension=php_bcmath.exe
;extension=php_bz2.exe
;extension=php calendar.exe
extension=php_ctype.exe
;extension=php dba.exe
;extension=php_exif.exe
;extension=php_ftp.exe
;extension=php iconv.exe
;extension=php ldap.exe
extension=php_mhash.exe
extension=php mysql.exe
;extension=php_oci8.exe
extension=php_odbc.exe
extension=php_openssl.exe
extension=php openvms.exe
;extension=php_oracle.exe
extension=php pcre.exe
;extension=php_posix.exe
extension=php_session.exe
extension=php_sockets.exe
extension=php_xml.exe
;extension=php_zip.exe
extension=php_zlib.exe
```



PHP Configuration

```
; Resource Limits ;
;max_execution_time = 30 ; Maximum execution time of each script, in seconds
; max input time = 60 ; Max amount of time script may parse request data
memory_limit = 1024M ; Maximum amount of memory a script may consume (8MB)
; File Uploads ;
file uploads = On ; Whether to allow HTTP file uploads.
upload tmp dir = "/$1$dga101/scratch/" ; Temp directory for uploaded files
upload_max_filesize = 15M; Maximum allowed size for uploaded files.
; Paths and directories
; list of directories for include, require and fopen with path functions
include_path = ".:/web_sites_root/tpglib/:/web_sites_root/hoeglib/"
; Fopen Wrappers
allow url fopen = On ; allow fopen on ftp: and http:
default_socket_timeout = 60 ; timeout for socket based opens
; Mail function
SMTP = smtp.parsec.com ; target server for SMTP mail
```





PHP Error Configuration

```
; Error reporting ;
                    - All errors and warnings
; E_ALL
                   - fatal run-time errors
; E ERROR
                    - run-time warnings (non-fatal errors)
; E_WARNING
; E_PARSE
                    - compile-time parse errors
                   - run-time notices
; E NOTICE
; E_CORE_ERROR
                - fatal errors that occur during PHP's initial startup
; E_CORE_WARNING - warnings that occur during PHP's initial startup
; E COMPILE ERROR - fatal compile-time errors
; E COMPILE WARNING - compile-time warnings (non-fatal errors)
; E USER ERROR
                 - user-generated error message
; E USER WARNING - user-generated warning message
    - Show only errors
error_reporting = E_COMPILE_ERROR | E_ERROR | E_CORE_ERROR
```

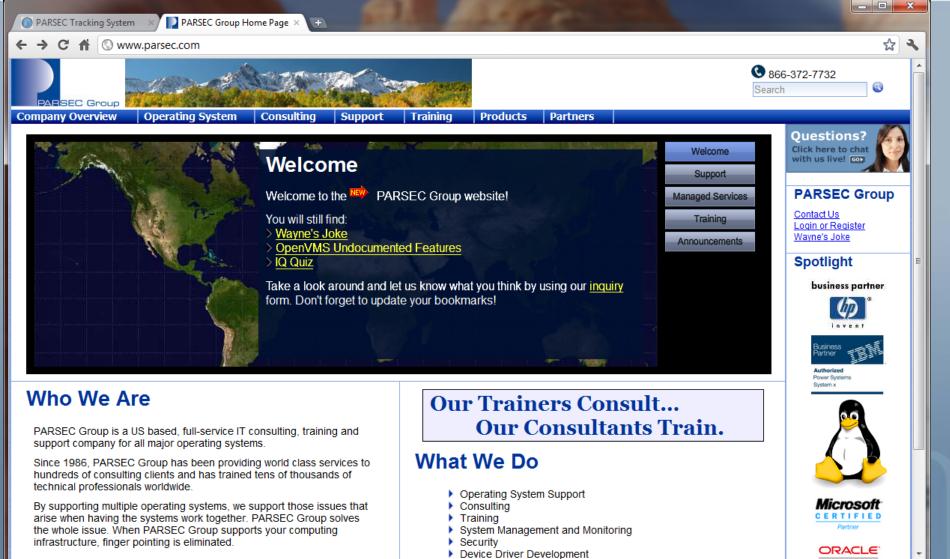


Migrate From IIS to Apache

- Upload Site to OpenVMS
- Configure Site with an Alias
 - ServerAlias test.parsec.com
 - Add alias to DNS
- Test Using Alias
 - Warnings will be displayed if using SSL
- Change Address of Primary Site in DNS



Migrate From IIS to Apache





Maintenance

- Database Maintenance
- Database Backup
- MySQL Failover



Database Maintenance

- Regularly Scheduled Batch Job
- Manage Binary Logs
 - mysqladmin flush-logs
 - mysqladmin refresh
 - purge master logs before ...
- Verify Database
 - mysqlcheck –a –c –e "-A"
 - Extended check and repair of all tables



Database Backup

- Regularly Scheduled Batch Job
- Flush all Tables to Disk
 - mysqladmin flush-tables
- Export MySQL
 - mysqldump



MySQL Failover

- Started as Batch Procedure
 - Sets proper user name for job
- Runs Detached Job to Start Monitor
 - Sets process name for identification
 - Check for executing server
 - If found sleep and retry
 - Define cluster-wide logical name pointing to server
 - Change process name
 - Start MySQL server



MySQL Startup Procedure

```
$ set noon
$ write sys$output "Running run_mysqld.com"
$ save verify = f$verify (0)
$! Run in stand-by mode while another instance is running
$ set process /name="MYSQL_STANDBY"
$check server:
$ pid = f$trnlnm ("mysql pid")
$ if pid .eqs. "" then goto start_server
$ mpid = ""
$ define /user mode sys$output nl:
$ define /user_mode sys$error nl:
$ mpid = f$getjpi (pid, "pid")
$ if mpid .eqs. "" then goto start_server
$ if mpid .nes. pid then goto start_server
$ wait 0:0:03
$ goto check server
```



MySQL Startup Procedure Continued

```
$start server:
$ write sys$output "Starting mysql server"
$ Identify this process as active
$ svprv = f$setprv ("sysnam")
$ define /cluster mysql_pid 'f$getjpi("","pid")'
$ define /cluster vmsdb 'f$getsyi("nodename")'
$ svprv = f$setprv (svprv)
$ set process /name="MYSQL051 SERVER"
$ set on
 save verify = f$verify (save verify)
$ set process/parse=extend
$ mysqld :== $ mysql051 root:[vms.bin]mysqld
$ define sys$scratch mysql051_root:[mysql_server.tmp]
$ define /noLOG TMPDIR "/mysql051_root/mysql_server/tmp"
$ define /noLOG DECC$EFS CASE PRESERVE enable
$ define /noLOG DECC$EFS_CHARSET enable
$ define /noLOG DECC$READDIR DROPDOTNOTYPE enable
$ define /noLOG DECC$FILENAME UNIX REPORT enable
$ define /noLOG DECC$FILE SHARING enable
$ define /noLOG DECC$EFS CASE SPECIAL disable
$ define /noLOG DECC$FILENAME UNIX ONLY enable
$ define /noLOG DECC$ALLOW REMOVE OPEN FILES enable
```



MySQL Startup Procedure Continued

```
$ define /noLOG TCPIP$SELECT ABORT ON SIGNAL enable
$ define /noLOG DECC$FD_LOCKING enable
$ define /noLOG DECC$POSIX SEEK STREAM FILE enable
$ set rms/ext=20000
$ if f$trnlnm("LIBZ_SHR32") .eqs. "" then $ define LIBZ_SHR32 -
                mysql051 root:[vms.lib]libz shr32.exe
$ if f$trnlnm("LIBZ_SHR64") .eqs. "" then $ define LIBZ_SHR64 -
                mysql051_root:[vms.lib]libz_shr64.exe
$!
$! All options except ansi defined using configuration file my.cnf
$!
$! mysqld --ansi
$ mysqld --ansi --loq-bin
$ if f$search ("mysql051 root:[mysql server.tmp]*.*;*") .nes. ""
$ then
       delete mysql051 root:[mysql server.tmp]*.*;*
$ endif
$!
$ set process /name="MYSQL EXITING"
$ define /user_mode sys$output
$ svprv = f$setprv ("sysnam")
$ deassign /cluster mysgl pid
$ svprv = f$setprv (svprv)
```



Final Result

- OpenVMS Cluster
 - Two nodes for production
 - One node for maintenance and quorum
- Secure Web Services (Apache)
 - Active on both nodes
- PHP
- MySQL on OpenVMS
 - Active on one node
 - Automatic failover to other node



Other Services on OpenVMS

- DNS TCP/IP Services for OpenVMS
- Spam Filtering Precise Mail Anit-Spam Gateway (PMAS) from Process Software
- FTP TCP/IP Services for OpenVMS
- DHCP TCP/IP Services for OpenVMS



Benefits

- If one node goes down, production continues uninterrupted
- Web site is compatible with OpenVMS and Microsoft allowing development and production to exist on separate platforms
- Database export from production may be imported on development for full-scale testing



Questions?

- Presentation Available
 - http://www.parsec.com/public/web_migration.pdf

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